



National PASS Center 2013 Genesee alley Educational Partnership success stories written here

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# Lesson

# Synonyms, Antonyms, and Homonyms

good way to add more words to your reading and writing vocabulary is by working with *synonyms* and *antonyms*.

# **Synonyms**

A *synonym* is a word that means the same or almost the same thing as another word.

### Example:

The word **hot** is on the labels of some sauces. The word **spicy** is also on the labels of some sauces. The two words have the same meaning. Sometimes when you describe something that is *spicy*, you call it *hot*. Sometimes when you eat something *hot*, you say that it is very *spicy*. **Hot** and **spicy** are *synonyms*.

Often times, words can have more than one meaning. For example, we have just learned that hot can mean spicy, but hot can also refer to temperature. You can describe the temperature outside as **hot** or you can say it is **warm**. **Hot** and **warm** are *synonyms* because they mean nearly the same thing.

Circle the *synonym* for each word. The first one is done for you.

1.	gas	a.	water	<b>b</b> .	fuel	c.	food
2.	earth	a.	water	b.	sky	C.	world
3.	field	a.	land	b.	water	C.	house
4.	across	a.	above	b.	over	C.	under
5.	smile	a.	frown	b.	kiss	c.	grin

Now, write a synonym for each underlined word. The first one is done for you.

6. Miami is a large <u>city</u> in Florida.

Synonym: town

7. My father's <u>house</u> is near the Genesee River.

Synonym: \_\_\_\_\_

8. Paula has a <u>young</u> puppy to show her brother.

Synonym: \_\_\_\_\_

**9.** The small <u>table</u> by the window is for writing letters.

Synonym: \_\_\_\_\_

10. I <u>slept</u> for an hour.

Synonym: \_\_\_\_\_

Academic & Career Readiness Skills

## Antonyms

An **antonym** is a word that means the opposite of another word.

### Example:

Laugh is the opposite of cry

**Below** is the opposite of **above** 

Circle the antonym for each word.

11.	pretty	<b>a.</b> ugly	b. smart	<b>c.</b> funny
12.	dead	a. gone	<b>b.</b> sad	c. alive
13.	honest	<b>a.</b> fair	b. dishonest	c. mad
14.	less	<b>a.</b> equal	b. smaller	c. more
15.	many	a. few	<b>b.</b> a lot	c. more

Write an *antonym* for the underlined word in each sentence.

**16.** A <u>weak</u> wind blew the oak tree over last night.

Antonym: \_\_\_\_\_

**17.** Small children like to <u>work</u> near the fields when their parents pick crops.

Antonym: \_\_\_\_\_

**18.** Roberto looked <u>serious</u> in the photo.

Antonym: \_\_\_\_\_

**19.** The steep <u>valleys</u> made the walk very hard to complete.

Antonym: \_\_\_\_\_

**20.** My soccer team <u>lost</u> the game yesterday.

Antonym: \_\_\_\_\_

### Homonyms

*Homonyms* are words that sound the same and are sometimes spelled the same, but have different meanings.

### Example:

<u>sale</u>: the selling of goods at a reduced price <u>sail</u>: to move along or travel over water in a boat These two words sound the same, are spelled differently, and have different meanings.

<u>rose</u>: a type of flower <u>rose</u>: the past tense of "rise" These two words sound the same, are spelled the same, and have different meanings.

### Some commonly misused homonyms are:

### to, too, two:

I went <u>to</u> the store. I want to go, <u>too</u>. <u>Two</u> people went to the store.

### there, their, they're:

<u>There</u> were many books at the library. They left <u>their</u> books at home. <u>They're</u> going to the movies.

### weather, whether:

It is nice <u>weather</u> today. I need to decide <u>whether</u> or not I need a coat.

### your, you're:

This is <u>your</u> pencil. <u>You're</u> very handsome. Academic & Career Readiness Skills

It is important to use the correct word in a sentence so that what you are writing makes sense to others. Take a look at the two sentences below:

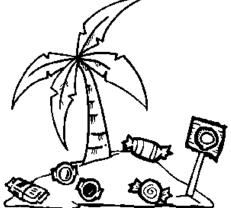
She took her son to the candy <u>aisle</u>. She took her son to the candy <u>isle</u>.

Which underlined word is correct? Isle or aisle? Well, let's explore the meaning of each word.

An <u>aisle</u> is a walkway between seats in a theater, shelves in a store, etc. So, a *candy aisle* is a walkway between shelves of candy at a store. The reader should picture something like the graphic below when reading about a candy aisle.



An *isle* is another word for a small island. So, a *candy isle* would be a small island filled with candy, which doesn't make much sense. The reader might picture something silly, like the graphic below.

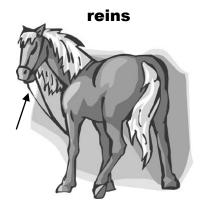


Write a sentence for each homonym. Here is an example:

rains







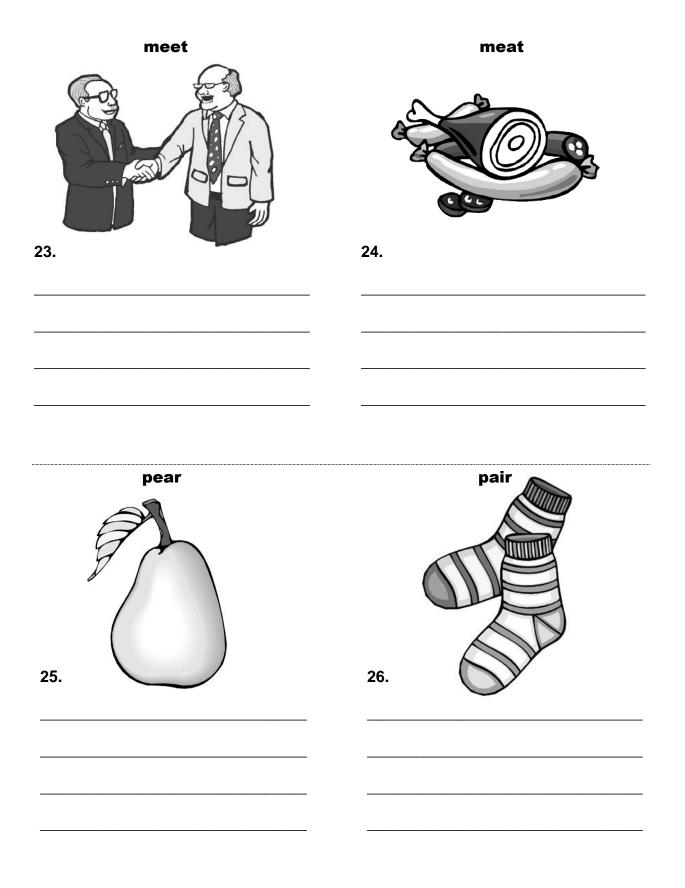
Heavy rains caused flooding.

The king reigns over the land.

Grab the reins on the horse.

 towed
 toad

 1.
 22.



Circle the word that best completes each sentence. The first one is done for you.

- 27. He (nose (knows)) the answer.
- 28. A penny is worth one (scent / sent / cent).
- 29. Please (pour / pore / poor ) me a glass of milk.
- **30.** Tonight you will (read / reed ) chapter three.
- **31.** The (balled / bald / bawled ) man always wears a hat.
- **32.** I have a runny (nose / knows ) today.
- **33.** I (new / knew ) the correct answer.
- **34.** I can feel cold (heir / air ) blowing through the window.
- **35.** The rope was in a tight ( knot / not ).
- 36. We will (by / bye / buy ) you some ice cream.
- **37.** The little boy ( balled / bald / bawled ) after he fell down.
- **38.** The morning ( due / dew / do ) sparkled as the sun rose.
- **39.** (There / Their / They're) car is blue.
- **40.** My (eye / I) is feeling better.
- **41.** He is the (air / heir ) to the throne.
- **42.** There are ( to / too / two ) many people here.
- **43.** My rent is ( due / dew / do ) tomorrow.
- **44.** (Your / You're ) sister is tall.

Unit 1 – Read, Write, Now

Academic & Career Readiness Skills

Write a sentence using each homonym. You may use a dictionary to check the meaning of each word if needed.

45.	flower:	
	flour:	
46.	made:	
	maid:	
17	threw:	
47.		
	through:	
48.	here:	
	hear:	
	near.	
49.	sale:	
	sail:	
50.	hare:	
	hair:	

Briefly describe more than one meaning of each word below. The first one is done for you.

51.	bank:	The piece of land by the edge of a river or other body of water.
		A place where money is held.
52.	bark: _	
50	1	
53.	bat:	
54.	fan:	
55.	fine: _	
Write	e a sent	tence using each homonym below.
	papin	
57.	row: _	
58.	seal: _	
59.	well:	
	_	

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